



The New Zealand Institute for Plant & Food Research Limited



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Background





Estimates of land under maize:

> Silage:

- 6000 ha (1994-95)
- 40,500 ha (2004-05)
- 68,100 ha (2014-15)

≻Grain:

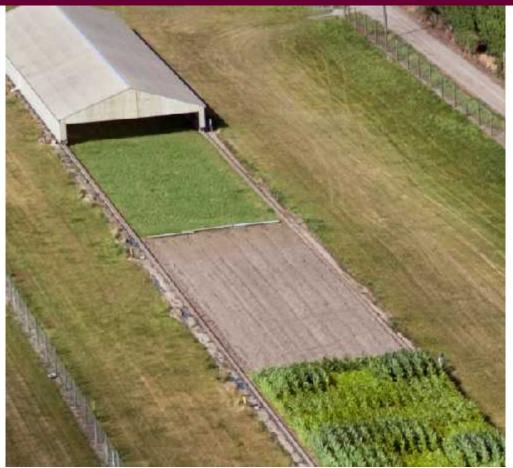
•16, 500 ha (1994-95)
•20,500 ha (2004-05)
•21,600 ha (2014-15)

Distribution & farming system:

- Mainly North Island
- Area expanding SI for silage

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Results



Key findings:

- » Ng% increased with both water and N supply.
- The NHI was closely related to the amount of grain yield. Therefore, improving the HI of maize crops is one way to improve the ability of the crops to utilise N from both soil and fertiliser sources.
- Treatments with high water availability caused higher NHI values in crops.







PFR Staff involved in the project, both the Technical [S. Dellow, M. George and A. Michel] and the Laboratory [C. Dunlop, K. Lehto and R. Tregurtha] teams.